## **3th Lambda Workshop** Reykjavík 27 august 2003 [K,C]ees Many many thanks to our host NORDUnet and Peter Villemoes!

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www.science.uva.nl/~delaat

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Faculty of Science



SURF/net

DataTAG

# History

- Brainstorming in Antalya at Terena conf. 2001
- 1th meeting at Terena offices 11-12 sep 2001
  - On invitation only (15) + public part
  - Thinking, SURFnet test lambda Starlight-Netherlight
- 2nd meeting appended to iGrid 2002 in Amsterdam
  - Public part in track, on invitation only day (22)
  - Core testbed brainstorming, idea checks, seeds for Translight
- 3th meeting here
  - Grid/Lambda track in conference + this meeting (35!)
  - Brainstorm applications and showcases
  - Technology roadmap

(**3 of 12**)

# eVLBI

QuickTime™ and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture.

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# VLBI

er term VLBI is easily capable of generating many Gb of data per The sensitivity of the VLBI array scales with the square root of the

(adata-rate) and there is a strong push to a Rates of 8Gb/s or more are entirely feasible der development. It is expected that paraliprelator will remain the most efficient approa s distributed processing may have an applilti-gigabit data streams will aggregate into la or and the capacity of the final link to the da for.

VLBI configuration Difference in time of arrival atomic clock atomic clock astronomcross multiplication = ical data signal detection

(4 of 12)

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# iGrid 2002

## September 24-26, 2002, Amsterdam, The Netherlands

- 28 demonstrations from 16 countries: Australia, Canada, CERN, France, Finland, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, The Netherlands, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Taiwan, United Kingdom, United States
- Applications demonstrated: art, bioinformatics, chemistry, cosmology, cultural heritage, education, high-definition media streaming, manufacturing, medicine, neuroscience, physics, tele-science



- Grid technologies demonstrated: Major emphasis on grid middleware, data management grids, data replication grids, visualization grids, data/visualization grids, computational grids, access grids, grid portals
- 25Gb transatlantic bandwidth (100Mb/attendee, 250x iGrid2000!)

www.igrid2002.org

# iGrid 2002

September 24-26, 2002, Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Conference issue FGCS Volume 19 (2003) Number 6 august 22 refereed papers!

THESE ARE THE APPLICATIONS!





# The Dutch Situation

## • Estimate A

 17 M people, 6.4 M households, 25 % penetration of 0.5 Mb/s ADSL, 40 times under-provisioning ==> 20 Gb/s

## • Estimate B

 SURFnet has 10 Gb/s to about 12 institutes and 0.1 to 1 Gb/s to 180 customers, estimate same for industry (overestimation) ==> 20-40 Gb/s

## • Estimate C

– Leading HEF and ASTRO + rest ==> 80-120 Gb/s

• So it fits nicely!

# (8 of 12) Scale 2-20-200

# Services

SCALE	2	20	200
	Metro	National/	World
CLASS		regional	
Α	Switching/	Routing	<b>ROUTER\$</b>
	routing		
B	VPN's,	VPN's	<b>ROUTER\$</b>
	Switching	<b>S</b> witching	Switches
	(G)MPLS	Routing	
С	dark f <mark>iber</mark>	L <mark>a</mark> mbda	Sub-
$\#\lambda(rt) \approx \frac{209e^{(t-200)}}{1-200}$	<b>Optical</b>	switching	lambdas,
rtt	switching		ethernet-
			sdh

UVA/EVL's 64\*64 **Optical Switch** @ NetherLight in SURFnet POP @ SARA Costs 1/100th of a similar throughput router but with specific services!



## **Core Switch Technology**







### **3D MEMS structure**

- Bulk MEMS High Density Chips
- Electrostatic actuation
- Short path length (~4cm)
- <1.5 dB median loss</p>

## **Completely Non-blocking**

- Single-stage up to 1Kx1K
- 10 ms switching time

## Excellent Transparency

- Polarization
- Bit rate
- Wavelength

where innovation comes to light"

06-04-03 Presentation Date

Calient Confidential.

## International networking in full operation





SURF/net



## TransLight Lambdas

#### European lambdas to US

- -6 GigEs Amsterdam-Chicago
- -2 GigEs CERN—Chicago
- -8 GigEs London-Chicago

#### Canadian lambdas to US

-8 GigEs Chicago—Canada—NYC

-8 GigEs Chicago—Canada— Seattle

#### **US lambdas to Europe**

-4 GigEs Chicago—Amsterdam -2 GigEs Chicago—CERN

#### European lambdas

-8 GigEs Amsterdam—CERN
-2 GigEs Prague—Amsterdam
-2 GigEs Stockholm—
Amsterdam
-8 GigEs London—Amsterdam

#### IEEAF lambdas (blue)

-8 GigEs Seattle—Tokyo-8 GigEs NYC—Amsterdam



#### (17e of 18)

# Transport in the corners



# Agenda

chair Kees Neggers

- 09h00 introduction by chair
- 09h15 agenda bashing
- 09h20 introduction of participants
- 10h00 format of subgroup discussions, three subgroups: (RAP) research and applications, chaired by Cees de Laat (TEC) technical issues, chaired by Erik-Jan Bos (GOV) governance and growth issues, chaired by Kees Neggers
- 10h30 break
- 10h45 formation of subgroups, work on the problem statements (next slide)
- 12h30 break for lunch
- 13h30 reconvene, report from RAP, GOV and TEC
- 15h00 testbeds and deployments on 1, 2, 5 year scale
- 15h30 break
- 15h45 expected mid and long term developments, scaling up grid
- 16h30 identify technical work to be done and establish working groups for that
- 17h15 discussion about future of this kind of meeting
- 17h30 end

# Problem statements & expectations

- \* overall goal: how to make next step towards an international Lambda Grid
- \* proposed problem statement for RAP subgroup:
  - Demonstrators for SC2003 and other conferences
  - layer 1 vs 2 model, services wanted by user community
- \* proposed problem statement for TEC subgroup:
  - connectivity requirements, equipment (wanphy, switches)
  - functionality, services
- \* proposed problem statements for GOV subgroup:
  - goals for next year in terms of Lambda's, connections, application support
  - governance: SLA's, SLS's, cross domain Lambda policies GOV